

NON-POPULATION SCHEDULES OF THE U.S. CENSUS

Cass County Public Library – Genealogy Branch

THE BASICS

What are Non-Population Schedules of the Federal Census?

Non-population schedules or “special schedules” of the census were designed to gather statistical information on a specific group within the overall population. They are referred to as “non-population” to distinguish them from the decennial (*once every ten years*) Federal Census that enumerates the entire population of the United States. The schedules covered in this handout include:

- *Agricultural*
- *Manufacturing*
- *Mortality*
- *Veterans*
- *Indian Population Inquiries*
- *Slave*
- *Dependent, Defective, and Delinquent Classes*
- *Social Statistics*

Many of these schedules feature questions that focused on answering demographic or statistic questions that the government had at the time and not with future genealogists in mind. Because of this, these schedules may not provide detailed vital information, *but they will add context* to your pre-existing information and might even open up new directions for your research. Also, if you cannot find an ancestor on the Federal Census, but you have a schedule record for the same year, you can use the information provided in it to locate the census record.

The Benefits of the Schedules

Some examples of when a schedule might help you with your research:

- If your ancestor was enumerated on the Federal Census as a farmer, the *Agricultural* schedules may help build a clearer understanding of how large the farm was and what he or she grew on it.
- If your ancestor’s occupation was enumerated as a “confectioner” on the Federal Census, the *Manufacturing* schedules may help you learn how lucrative their sweets business was.
- If your ancestor died too early for a death record to have been created, but it was the year prior to a census when a *Mortality* schedule was taken, you might find information on their death there.
- If your ancestor was a Veteran prior to 1890, you might be able to use the *Veterans* schedule of 1890 as an alternative to the destroyed 1890 Federal Census records.

AGRICULTURAL SCHEDULES

Agricultural Schedules, 1850-1880

This schedule of the census focused on enumerating the value of and production on farmland on a farm-by-farm basis. The 1850-1870 schedules consist of two pages; 1880 is one page. *Questions asked by these schedules include:*

- Proprietor of the farm
- Cash value of the farm; amount (in acres) of land; value of farming implements
- Number of livestock by type, and total value; value of animals slaughtered
- Number and value of crops, by-products, and manufactured goods produced in the last twelve months

Not all states were enumerated and not all states that were enumerated were enumerated every year between 1850-1880. Records for these schedules are available for the following states:

- | | | | |
|----------------------|------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------------|
| • <i>Alabama</i> | • <i>Iowa</i> | • <i>Minnesota</i> | • <i>South Carolina</i> |
| • <i>California</i> | • <i>Kansas</i> | • <i>Nebraska</i> | • <i>Tennessee</i> |
| • <i>Connecticut</i> | • <i>Maine</i> | • <i>New York</i> | • <i>Texas</i> |
| • <i>Illinois</i> | • <i>Massachusetts</i> | • <i>North Carolina</i> | • <i>Virginia</i> |
| | • <i>Michigan</i> | • <i>Ohio</i> | • <i>Washington Territory</i> |

Not every farm was enumerated on this schedule. For 1850 and 1860, small farms that produced less than \$100 worth of products, including crops, livestock, and by-products like sugar, molasses, honey, etc., were not enumerated. For 1870 and 1880, the criteria was at least 3 acres of land and \$500 worth of products.

Note: If you are searching for a farmer ancestor who lived in a state that was enumerated in this schedule, but are unable to find them, this could be due to a typical spelling variation or transcription issue with searching the census. Or it could be because your ancestor's farm was too small to meet the requirements outlined above.

Nonresidents Present on the Schedule

Individuals enumerated on the agricultural schedule in a specific location may not actually have been a resident of that area. The owner of the farm may not even live in the same town, county, or state.

i.e. a farm may be located in southwest Walnut Township, Bourbon County, Kansas as enumerated on the Agricultural Schedule, but the proprietor (which can include the owner, agent, proprietor, or manager) of the farm may live over the county line in Allen, Neosho, or Crawford Counties

Search Tip: Remember to check the manufacturing schedule too!

You might also want to cross-reference the Agricultural schedule with the Manufacturing schedule for the same year. If your farmer ancestor had a "sideline" business, you might find that they were enumerated on both. For example, a dairy farmer might also have a lucrative cheese-making business.

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SCHEDULE 4. Productions of Agriculture in Jefferson Township in the County of Polk in the Post Office Wildcat

NAME OF OWNER, AGENT, OR MANAGER OF THE FARM.	ACRES OF LAND.		CASH VALUE OF FARM.	VALUE OF IMPROVEMENTS AND BUILDINGS.	LIVE STOCK, JUNE 1, 1860.											PRODUCE DURING YEAR.				
	Improved.	Unimproved.			Horses.	Asses and Mules.	Milk Cows.	Working Oxen.	Other Oxen.	Sheep.	Pigs.	Value of Live Stock.	Wheat, bushels of.	Rye, bushels of.	Indian Corn, bushels of.	Oats, bushels of.	Barley, bushels of.	Timothy, lbs. of.	Other Feeds, lbs. of.	Wool, lbs. of.
Martine Campbell					4															
Joseph Keale																				
Edward Anderson	100	170	6300	180	8		12	30	20	700	200		5000	100					80	
Martine White	130	170	6000	70	7		3	20	21	15	500	310		300	60				85	
John Patterson	125	45	4000	500	4		4	5	13		33	600	400		1200	400				

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	Improved.	Unimproved.			Horses.	Asses and Mules.	Milk Cows.	Working Oxen.	Other Oxen.	Sheep.	Pigs.	Value of Live Stock.	Wheat, bushels of.	Rye, bushels of.	Indian Corn, bushels of.	Oats, bushels of.	Barley, bushels of.	Timothy, lbs. of.	Other Feeds, lbs. of.	Wool, lbs. of.
Martine Campbell					4															
Joseph Keale																				
Edward Anderson	100	170	6300	180	8		12	30	20	700	200		5000	100					80	
Martine White	130	170	6000	70	7		3	20	21	15	500	310		300	60				85	
John Patterson	125	45	4000	500	4		4	5	13		33	600	400		1200	400				

First page

Examples from the 1860
Agricultural schedule of Jefferson
Township, Polk County, Iowa.

Second

State of Ohio, ascertained by me on the 1st day of June 1860.

W. H. Conway, Secy. Board.

NAME OF OWNER, AGENT, OR MANAGER OF THE FARM.		ACRES OF LAND.		CASH VALUE OF FARM.	VALUE OF IMPROVEMENTS AND BUILDINGS.	LIVE STOCK, JUNE 1, 1860.											PRODUCE DURING YEAR.				
Improved.	Unimproved.	Horses.	Asses and Mules.			Milk Cows.	Working Oxen.	Other Oxen.	Sheep.	Pigs.	Value of Live Stock.	Wheat, bushels of.	Rye, bushels of.	Indian Corn, bushels of.	Oats, bushels of.	Barley, bushels of.	Timothy, lbs. of.	Other Feeds, lbs. of.	Wool, lbs. of.		

State of Ohio enumerated by me, on the Nineteenth day of June 1860. J. B. Spaulding Ass't Marshal

YEAR ENDING JUNE 1, 1860.

Wheat, bushels of.	Rye, bushels of.	Indian Corn, bushels of.	Oats, bushels of.	Barley, bushels of.	Timothy, lbs. of.	Other Feeds, lbs. of.	Wool, lbs. of.	Value of Live Stock.	Value of Manufactures.	Value of Real Estate.
40								800	35	
6	100							200	8	
100								300	35	

MANUFACTURING SCHEDULES

Manufacturing Schedules, 1850-1880

These schedules, also referred to as “*Industry*” or “*Industrial*” schedules, recorded statistical information regarding the value and production of manufacturers, both small businesses and large companies alike. The years of this schedule readily available in most online databases cover the years 1850-1880, though the schedule was also taken in 1820 and *some* manufacturer’s annotations were included on the pages of the 1810 Federal Census (both held at the National Archives). **To be enumerated on this schedule, the business had to produce at least \$500 worth of manufactured goods and the information provided is for the twelve months preceding the date.**

Questions these schedules asked include:

- Name of corporation, company, or individual; name of business (or type, i.e. “baker”)
- Capital invested in the business; type, quantity, and value of raw materials used; type of power (i.e. *steam*)
- Number of employees by gender, and their wages
- Annual products manufactured, their quantities and value

Like the Agricultural schedule, not all states are enumerated by this schedule and not all states that were included were enumerated every year. The amount and detail of information included in this schedule varies from year to year as different questions were asked.

Records for these schedules are available for the following states:

- Alabama
- California
- Georgia
- Illinois
- Iowa
- Kansas
- Maine
- Massachusetts
- Michigan
- Minnesota
- Nebraska
- New York
- North Carolina
- Ohio
- South Carolina
- Tennessee
- Texas
- Virginia
- Washington Territory

Example: James M. Davidson, living in Williamsburg, Kings County, New York, enumerated on the 1850 Federal Census as having the occupation of “tool maker” [below]

SCHEDULE I.—Free Inhabitants in *the Village of Williamsburg in the County of Kings* **State** *New York*
of *New York* **enumerated by me, on the** *10* **day of** *July* **1850.** *Wm. J. Bond* **Ass't Marshal**

The Name of every Person whose usual place of abode on the first day of June, 1850, was in this family.			DESCRIPTION.			Profession, Occupation, or Trade of each Male Person over 15 years of age.	Value of Real Estate owned.	PLACE OF BIRTH. Naming the State, Territory, or Country.	Married within the year, and the date.	Whether deaf and dumb, blind, insane, idiotic, pauper, or convict.		
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
		<i>Wm. J. Bond</i>	<i>W. J.</i>					<i>New York</i>				
		<i>James M. Davidson</i>	<i>42 M</i>			<i>Tool Maker</i>						

In the same year, James is also enumerated on the Manufacturing Schedule, not just as a “tool maker,” but a “spirit level maker.” It also shows that he employs five men and makes \$5,000 worth of levels annually.

SCHEDULE 5.—Products of Industry in *Williamsburg* **in the County of** *Kings* **State** *New York*
of *New York* **during the Year ending June 1, 1850, as enumerated by me,** *Geo. E. Baker* **Ass't Marshal**

Name of Corporation, Company, or Individual, producing Articles to the Annual Value of \$500.	Name of Business, Manufacture, or Product.	Capital invested in Real and Personal Estate in the Business.	Raw Material used, including Fuel.			Kind of motive power, machinery, structure, or resource.	Average number of hands employed.		Wages.		Annual Product.		
			Quantities.	Kinds.	Value.		Males.	Females.	Monthly cost of wages.	Annual cost of wages.	Quantities.	Kinds.	Value.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
<i>B. D. Stinman</i>	<i>Turner</i>			<i>Wood</i>									
<i>James B. Wilson</i>	<i>Carpenter</i>	<i>500</i>		<i>Coal</i>	<i>1000</i>	<i>Steam</i>	<i>4</i>	<i>200</i>				<i>Portals</i>	<i>3000</i>
<i>W. J. Davidson</i>	<i>Spirit Level Maker</i>	<i>500</i>		<i>Wood</i>	<i>3000</i>	<i>Hand</i>	<i>6</i>	<i>200</i>				<i>Spirits</i>	<i>7000</i>
				<i>Ship</i>	<i>1000</i>	<i>Steam</i>	<i>5</i>	<i>150</i>				<i>Levels</i>	<i>5000</i>

Example: 1870 Manufacturing Schedule for Gravesend, Kings County, New York [below]

1. *Anderson Cowell, fisherman*, \$2,000 capital invested, 3 boats, 4 lines, 3 male employees, \$600 paid in wages, produced 15,000 Cod & 10,000 Bluefish.
2. *Henry Friend, wheelwright*, \$200 capital invested, 1 male employee, \$300 worth of materials, produced \$600 of goods.
3. *Bernard Doyle, blacksmith*, \$100 capital invested, 3 male employees, paid \$1000 in wages, produced \$2,000 of goods.
4. *Thomas Hewlett, grist mill*, \$200 capital invested, water-powered machines (30 horsepower), 1 male employee, produced \$2,000 of horse feed and flour.

SCHEDULE 4.—Products of Industry in The Town of Gravesend, in the County of Kings, State of New York, during the year ending June 1, 1870, as enumerated by me.
Post Office: Gravesend Stephen J. Stillwell, Ass't Marshal.

1	2	3	4		6	7				11	12	13			14			
			Power	Machinery		Name or Description	Number of	Males above 16 years	Females above 15 years			Children and youths	Total amount paid in wages during year	Kind	Quantity	Value (omitting fractions of a dollar)	Kind	Quantity
1	<i>Anderson Cowell Fisherman</i>	<i>2000</i>	<i>Hand</i>				<i>3</i>			<i>600</i>	<i>12</i>			<i>2000</i>			<i>1500</i>	
							<i>Boats</i>	<i>3</i>						<i>600</i>		<i>Cod</i>	<i>15,000</i>	
							<i>Lines</i>	<i>4</i>						<i>400</i>		<i>Blue</i>	<i>10,000</i>	
																	<i>900</i>	
																	<i>500</i>	
																	<i>1500</i>	
2	<i>Henry Friend Wheelwright</i>	<i>200</i>	<i>Hand</i>								<i>12</i>			<i>300</i>			<i>600</i>	
3	<i>Bernard Doyle Blacksmith</i>	<i>100</i>	<i>Hand</i>								<i>12</i>			<i>100</i>			<i>2000</i>	
4	<i>Thomas Hewlett Grist mill</i>	<i>200</i>	<i>Water</i>	<i>30</i>	<i>2 Run of Stone</i>	<i>1</i>					<i>12</i>		<i>Wheat</i>	<i>200 Bush</i>	<i>200</i>	<i>Flour</i>	<i>40 Bush</i>	<i>320</i>
													<i>Rye</i>	<i>100 Bush</i>	<i>75</i>	<i>Flour</i>	<i>10 Bush</i>	<i>180</i>
													<i>Barley</i>	<i>1000 Bush</i>	<i>1000</i>	<i>Feed, Horse</i>	<i>6,600 Pounds</i>	<i>740</i>
													<i>Oats</i>	<i>500 Bush</i>	<i>75</i>	<i>Feed, Horse</i>	<i>1,500 Pounds</i>	<i>90</i>
													<i>Buckwheat</i>	<i>100 Bush</i>	<i>75</i>	<i>Flour</i>	<i>2,500 Pounds</i>	<i>125</i>
														<i>190</i>	<i>1000</i>			<i>275</i>

The 1880 schedule grouped businesses in larger cities into categories, which were marked at the top of the page. These were categories like "Artificial Flowers," "Zinc and Bronze Works," "Pharmaceutical Preparations," "Human Hair Goods." All manufacturers that belonged to that category were enumerated together on the same page.

Enumeration Dist. No. _____ (6.) Flouring and Grist Mills. (7.) Paper Mills. (10.) Quarries. 397
 (4.) Salt Works.
SCHEDULE 3.—MANUFACTURES.—Products of Industry in Brooklyn, in the County of Kings, State of New York, during the twelve months beginning June 1, 1879, and ending May 31, 1880, as enumerated by me.
Post Office: Town Hall John H. Thompson, Ass't Marshal.

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18

Enumeration Dist. No. _____ (6.) Flouring and Grist Mills. (7.) Paper Mills. (10.) Quarries. 313
 (4.) Salt Works.
SCHEDULE 3.—MANUFACTURES.—Products of Industry in Brooklyn, in the County of Kings, State of New York, during the twelve months beginning June 1, 1879, and ending May 31, 1880, as enumerated by me.
Post Office: Glass and Glass Workers John H. Thompson, Ass't Marshal.

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18

Remember! Check both the Manufacturing and the Agricultural schedules! You might find that your ancestor was enumerated on both.

Example: Orrin Tucker, Chardon, Geauga, Ohio; enumerated on the 1850 Agricultural and Manufacturing Schedule for his farm and his coopering side business:

SCHEDULE 4.—Productions of Agriculture in <i>Chardon Township</i> in the enumerated by me, on the <i>18th</i> day of <i>July</i> 1850.																		
Name of Owner, Agent, or Manager of the Farm.	Acres of Land.		Cash value of Farm.	Value of farming implements and Machinery.	Live Stock, June 1st, 1850.								Produce during the					
	Improved.	Unimproved.			Horses.	Asses and Mules.	Milch Cows.	Working Oxen.	Other Cattle.	Sheep.	Swine.	Value of Live Stock.	Wheat, bushels of.	Rye, bushels of.	Indian Corn, bushels of.	Oats, bushels of.	Rice, lbs. of.	Tobacco, lbs. of.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19
<i>Harlow H. Ford</i>	<i>100</i>	<i>100</i>	<i>2,000</i>	<i>100</i>											<i>11</i>	<i>35</i>		
<i>Orrin Tucker</i>	<i>100</i>	<i>14</i>	<i>4,000</i>	<i>150</i>	<i>2</i>		<i>5</i>	<i>4</i>	<i>12</i>	<i>3</i>	<i>4</i>	<i>1,150</i>	<i>50</i>		<i>400</i>	<i>40</i>		
<i>W. A. T. .</i>	<i>100</i>	<i>55</i>	<i>3,000</i>	<i>100</i>	<i>11</i>		<i>11</i>	<i>2</i>	<i>111</i>	<i>1</i>	<i>3</i>	<i>650</i>	<i>53</i>		<i>400</i>	<i>65</i>		

SCHEDULE 5.—Products of Industry in <i>Chardon Township</i> in the County of <i>Gauga</i> and State of <i>Ohio</i> during the Year ending June 1, 1850, as enumerated by me, <i>M. W. Bruce</i> Ass't Marshal.													
Name of Corporation, Company, or Individual, producing Articles to the Annual Value of \$500.	Name of Business, Manufacture, or Product.	Capital invested in Real and Personal Estate in the Business.	Raw Material used, including Fuel.			Kind of motive power, machinery, structure, or resource.	Average number of hands employed.		Wages.		Annual Product.		
			Quantities.	Kinds.	Values.		Male.	Female.	Average monthly cost of male labour.	Average monthly cost of female labour.	Quantities.	Kinds.	Values.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
<i>Orrin Tucker</i>	<i>Coopering</i>	<i>150</i>	<i>16,000</i>	<i>Staves</i>	<i>50</i>	<i>Hand</i>	<i>1</i>		<i>20</i>		<i>500</i>	<i>Bbls.</i>	<i>250</i>
			<i>2,500</i>	<i>Heading</i>	<i>15</i>						<i>200</i>	<i>Casks</i>	<i>100</i>
				<i>Hoops</i>	<i>10</i>						<i>100</i>	<i>Tubs</i>	<i>150</i>
											<i>200</i>	<i>Sh. Buckets</i>	<i>50</i>

MORTALITY SCHEDULES

Mortality Schedules, 1850-1880

The Mortality Schedules serve as nation-wide death registers for the twelve months preceding a Federal Census. These often predate the earliest recorded death records for a given state and can be used as an alternative to a death record. Stillborn babies are also recorded in these schedules. **Deaths recorded by this schedule occurred between June 1st of the preceding year and May 31st of the census year.**

Questions asked in the Mortality Schedules:

- Deceased's name, sex, age, color ("black," "mulatto," or "white"), and marital status, occupation
- Birth place, parent's birth place (*added in 1870*)
- Month in which the death occurred, disease or cause of death, number of days ill
- Place where disease was contracted and how long the deceased was a resident of the area (*added in 1880*)

Records for these schedules are available for the following states, including those that enumerated a mortality schedule with their 1885 State Census:

- *Alabama (1850-1880)*
- *Arizona (1870-1880)*
- *Arkansas (1850-1880)*
- *California (1850-1880)*
- *Colorado (1880-1885)*
- *Connecticut (1850-1880)*
- *District of Columbia (1850-1880)*
- *Florida (1885)*
- *Georgia (1850-1880)*
- *Idaho (1870-1880)*
- *Illinois (1850-1880)*
- *Iowa (1850-1880)*
- *Kansas (1860-1880)*
- *Kentucky (1850-1880)*
- *Louisiana (1850-1880)*
- *Maine (1850-1880)*
- *Massachusetts (1850-1880)*
- *Michigan (1850-1880)*
- *Minnesota (1860-1880)*
- *Montana (1870-1880)*
- *Nebraska (1860-1885)*
- *Nevada (1870-1880)*
- *New Hampshire (1850)*
- *New Jersey (1850-1880)*
- *New York (1850-1880)*
- *North Carolina (1850-1880)*
- *Ohio (1850-1880)*
- *Pennsylvania (1850-1880)*
- *South Carolina (1850-1880)*
- *Tennessee (1850-1880)*
- *Texas (1850-1880)*
- *Utah (1870-1880)*
- *Vermont (1870-1880)*
- *Virginia (1850-1880)*
- *Washington (1870-1880)*
- *Wisconsin (1850-1880)*

[illegible]

Example: 1880 Mortality Schedule for District No. 16, Amherst County, Virginia [left]

Name: *Edward M. Smith*

Age: 13

Sex: *Male*

Color: *White*

Marital Status: *Single*

Birth Place: *Virginia*

Father's Birth Place: *Virginia*

Mother's Birth Place: *Virginia*

Occupation: *At School*

Month in Which the Person Died: *May (May 1880)*

Cause of Death: *Meningitis*

How Long a Resident of the County: *13 years*

No. 19

Visor's Dist: No. 16

ration Dist: No. 16

95

[7-222]

2000 July 20, 80

NOTE A.—The Census Year begins June 1, 1879, and ends May 31, 1880.

NOTE B.—In making entries in columns 6, 7, and 8, an affirmative mark only will be used, thus /, except in the case of Divorced persons, column 8, when the letter "D" is to be used.

NOTE C.—For instructions relative to the entries in column 14, see back of this Schedule.

NOTE D.—In column 17, note distinctly if no Physician was at attendance, thus (None).

SCHEDULE 5.—Persons who DIED during the Year ending May 31, 1880, enumerated by me in August 16, in the County of Auburn, State of Virginia

Joseph F. Collins
Enumerator.

Name of the person deceased.	Personal Description.		What was the civil condition of the person who died?		NATIVITY.	Place of birth of this person, naming the State or Territory of the U. S., or the country, if of foreign birth.	Where was the Father of this person born? (As in column 6.)	Where was the Mother of this person born? (As in column 6.)	Profession, Occupation or Trade. (Not to be added in respect to persons under 10 years of age.)	The month in which the person died.	Disease or cause of death.	How long a resident of the county or having been a resident of another county in Va.	If the disease was not continued since date of death, state the place.	Name of attending Physician.
	Age at death (Years, Months, Days to the nearest day.)	Sex—Male (M) Female (F).	Color—White (W) Black (B) Red (R) Yellow (Y) Other (O).	Single / Married / Widowed / Divorced D.										
Joseph Andrew C	24	Y	W	/	Virginia	va	va	va	Helping Hand Sew	Consumption	1879	None	None	None
Elizabeth Ann M	13	M	W	/	Virginia	va	va	va	At School	Illness	1879	None	None	None
Elizabeth Ann M	53	F	W	/	Virginia	va	va	va	Helping Hand Sew	Consumption	1879	None	None	None
Joseph Andrew C	1/2	M	W	/	Virginia	va	va	va	Helping Hand Sew	Consumption	1879	None	None	None
Joseph Andrew C	1/2	M	W	/	Virginia	va	va	va	Helping Hand Sew	Consumption	1879	None	None	None
Elizabeth Ann M	53	F	W	/	Virginia	va	va	va	Helping Hand Sew	Consumption	1879	None	None	None
Elizabeth Ann M	53	F	W	/	Virginia	va	va	va	Helping Hand Sew	Consumption	1879	None	None	None
Elizabeth Ann M	53	F	W	/	Virginia	va	va	va	Helping Hand Sew	Consumption	1879	None	None	None
Elizabeth Ann M	53	F	W	/	Virginia	va	va	va	Helping Hand Sew	Consumption	1879	None	None	None
Elizabeth Ann M	53	F	W	/	Virginia	va	va	va	Helping Hand Sew	Consumption	1879	None	None	None
Elizabeth Ann M	53	F	W	/	Virginia	va	va	va	Helping Hand Sew	Consumption	1879	None	None	None
Elizabeth Ann M	53	F	W	/	Virginia	va	va	va	Helping Hand Sew	Consumption	1879	None	None	None
Elizabeth Ann M	53	F	W	/	Virginia	va	va	va	Helping Hand Sew	Consumption	1879	None	None	None
Elizabeth Ann M	53	F	W	/	Virginia	va	va	va	Helping Hand Sew	Consumption	1879	None	None	None
Elizabeth Ann M	53	F	W	/	Virginia	va	va	va	Helping Hand Sew	Consumption	1879	None	None	None
Elizabeth Ann M	53	F	W	/	Virginia	va	va	va	Helping Hand Sew	Consumption	1879	None	None	None
Elizabeth Ann M	53	F	W	/	Virginia	va	va	va	Helping Hand Sew	Consumption	1879	None	None	None
Elizabeth Ann M	53	F	W	/	Virginia	va	va	va	Helping Hand Sew	Consumption	1879	None	None	None
Elizabeth Ann M	53	F	W	/	Virginia	va	va	va	Helping Hand Sew	Consumption	1879	None	None	None
Elizabeth Ann M	53	F	W	/	Virginia	va	va	va	Helping Hand Sew	Consumption	1879	None	None	None
Elizabeth Ann M	53	F	W	/	Virginia	va	va	va	Helping Hand Sew	Consumption	1879	None	None	None
Elizabeth Ann M	53	F	W	/	Virginia	va	va	va	Helping Hand Sew	Consumption	1879	None	None	None
Elizabeth Ann M	53	F	W	/	Virginia	va	va	va	Helping Hand Sew	Consumption	1879	None	None	None
Elizabeth Ann M	53	F	W	/	Virginia	va	va	va	Helping Hand Sew	Consumption	1879	None	None	None
Elizabeth Ann M	53	F	W	/	Virginia	va	va	va	Helping Hand Sew	Consumption	1879	None	None	None
Elizabeth Ann M	53	F	W	/	Virginia	va	va	va	Helping Hand Sew	Consumption	1879	None	None	None
Elizabeth Ann M	53	F	W	/	Virginia	va	va	va	Helping Hand Sew	Consumption	1879	None	None	None
Elizabeth Ann M	53	F	W	/	Virginia	va	va	va	Helping Hand Sew	Consumption	1879	None	None	None
Elizabeth Ann M	53	F	W	/	Virginia	va	va	va	Helping Hand Sew	Consumption	1879	None	None	None
Elizabeth Ann M	53	F	W	/	Virginia	va	va	va	Helping Hand Sew	Consumption	1879	None	None	None
Elizabeth Ann M	53	F	W	/	Virginia	va	va	va	Helping Hand Sew	Consumption	1879	None	None	None
Elizabeth Ann M	53	F	W	/	Virginia	va	va	va	Helping Hand Sew	Consumption	1879	None	None	None
Elizabeth Ann M	53	F	W	/	Virginia	va	va	va	Helping Hand Sew	Consumption	1879	None	None	None
Elizabeth Ann M	53	F	W	/	Virginia	va	va	va	Helping Hand Sew	Consumption	1879	None	None	None
Elizabeth Ann M	53	F	W	/	Virginia	va	va	va	Helping Hand Sew	Consumption	1879	None	None	None
Elizabeth Ann M	53	F	W	/	Virginia	va	va	va	Helping Hand Sew	Consumption	1879	None	None	None
Elizabeth Ann M	53	F	W	/	Virginia	va	va	va	Helping Hand Sew	Consumption	1879	None	None	None
Elizabeth Ann M	53	F	W	/	Virginia	va	va	va	Helping Hand Sew	Consumption	1879	None	None	None
Elizabeth Ann M	53	F	W	/	Virginia	va	va	va	Helping Hand Sew	Consumption	1879	None	None	None
Elizabeth Ann M	53	F	W	/	Virginia	va	va	va	Helping Hand Sew	Consumption	1879	None	None	None
Elizabeth Ann M	53	F	W	/	Virginia	va	va	va	Helping Hand Sew	Consumption	1879	None	None	None
Elizabeth Ann M	53	F	W	/	Virginia	va	va	va	Helping Hand Sew	Consumption	1879	None	None	None
Elizabeth Ann M	53	F	W	/	Virginia	va	va	va	Helping Hand Sew	Consumption	1879	None	None	None

VETERANS SCHEDULE

1890 Veterans Schedule

This schedule of surviving **Civil War veterans** (soldiers, sailors, and marines) can serve as a partial substitute for the missing 1890 Federal Census that was destroyed by a fire in 1921. It can be can also be used as an incomplete list of all heads of household for all who were old enough to have served during the war. **Both veterans and the surviving widows of veterans were enumerated.**

Information by this schedule includes:

- Name of veteran or widow
- Rank, name of regiment or vessel
- Date of enlistment, date of discharge, length of service
- Post office address
- Disability incurred during or due to service
- Any additional remarks

Records for this schedule are available for the following states:

- | | | |
|------------------------|-----------------------------|------------------|
| • District of Columbia | • Nevada | • South Carolina |
| • Kentucky | • New Hampshire | • South Dakota |
| • Louisiana | • New Jersey | • Tennessee |
| • Maine | • New Mexico | • Texas |
| • Maryland | • New York | • Utah |
| • Massachusetts | • North Carolina | • Vermont |
| • Michigan | • North Dakota | • Virginia |
| • Minnesota | • Ohio | • Washington |
| • Mississippi | • Oklahoma/Indian Territory | • West Virginia |
| • Missouri | • Oregon | • Wisconsin |
| • Montana | • Pennsylvania | • Wyoming |
| • Nebraska | • Rhode Island | |

Special Schedule—Surviving Soldiers, Sailors, and Marines, and Widows, etc.									
S. D.: 3 ; E. D.: 160 ; Minor Civil Division: Willow Township									
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
NAME OF SURVIVING SOLDIER, SAILOR, AND MARINE, AND WIDOW.	RANK.	COMPANY.	NAME OF REGIMENT OR VESSEL.	DATE OF ENLISTMENT.	DATE OF DISCHARGE.	LENGTH OF SERVICE.			
61 61 Lydia widow of William P. McBee	Private		32nd Mo. Inf.	Aug 14 1862	May 15 1865	2 y 9 m 11 d			
62 62 Mary de widow of William P. McBee	Private		32nd Mo. Inf.	Aug 14 1862	May 15 1865	2 y 9 m 11 d			
63 63 William P. McBee	Private		32nd Mo. Inf.	Aug 14 1862	May 15 1865	2 y 9 m 11 d			
64 64 William M. Craseman	Private		32nd Mo. Inf.	Aug 14 1862	May 15 1865	2 y 9 m 11 d			
65 65 John Haggan	Private		32nd Mo. Inf.	Aug 14 1862	May 15 1865	2 y 9 m 11 d			
66 66 John Haggan	Private		32nd Mo. Inf.	Aug 14 1862	May 15 1865	2 y 9 m 11 d			
67 67 John Haggan	Private		32nd Mo. Inf.	Aug 14 1862	May 15 1865	2 y 9 m 11 d			
68 68 John Haggan	Private		32nd Mo. Inf.	Aug 14 1862	May 15 1865	2 y 9 m 11 d			
69 69 John Haggan	Private		32nd Mo. Inf.	Aug 14 1862	May 15 1865	2 y 9 m 11 d			
70 70 John Haggan	Private		32nd Mo. Inf.	Aug 14 1862	May 15 1865	2 y 9 m 11 d			
71 71 John Haggan	Private		32nd Mo. Inf.	Aug 14 1862	May 15 1865	2 y 9 m 11 d			
72 72 John Haggan	Private		32nd Mo. Inf.	Aug 14 1862	May 15 1865	2 y 9 m 11 d			
73 73 John Haggan	Private		32nd Mo. Inf.	Aug 14 1862	May 15 1865	2 y 9 m 11 d			
74 74 John Haggan	Private		32nd Mo. Inf.	Aug 14 1862	May 15 1865	2 y 9 m 11 d			
75 75 John Haggan	Private		32nd Mo. Inf.	Aug 14 1862	May 15 1865	2 y 9 m 11 d			
76 76 John Haggan	Private		32nd Mo. Inf.	Aug 14 1862	May 15 1865	2 y 9 m 11 d			
77 77 John Haggan	Private		32nd Mo. Inf.	Aug 14 1862	May 15 1865	2 y 9 m 11 d			
78 78 John Haggan	Private		32nd Mo. Inf.	Aug 14 1862	May 15 1865	2 y 9 m 11 d			
79 79 John Haggan	Private		32nd Mo. Inf.	Aug 14 1862	May 15 1865	2 y 9 m 11 d			
80 80 John Haggan	Private		32nd Mo. Inf.	Aug 14 1862	May 15 1865	2 y 9 m 11 d			
81 81 John Haggan	Private		32nd Mo. Inf.	Aug 14 1862	May 15 1865	2 y 9 m 11 d			
82 82 John Haggan	Private		32nd Mo. Inf.	Aug 14 1862	May 15 1865	2 y 9 m 11 d			
83 83 John Haggan	Private		32nd Mo. Inf.	Aug 14 1862	May 15 1865	2 y 9 m 11 d			
84 84 John Haggan	Private		32nd Mo. Inf.	Aug 14 1862	May 15 1865	2 y 9 m 11 d			
85 85 John Haggan	Private		32nd Mo. Inf.	Aug 14 1862	May 15 1865	2 y 9 m 11 d			
86 86 John Haggan	Private		32nd Mo. Inf.	Aug 14 1862	May 15 1865	2 y 9 m 11 d			
87 87 John Haggan	Private		32nd Mo. Inf.	Aug 14 1862	May 15 1865	2 y 9 m 11 d			
88 88 John Haggan	Private		32nd Mo. Inf.	Aug 14 1862	May 15 1865	2 y 9 m 11 d			
89 89 John Haggan	Private		32nd Mo. Inf.	Aug 14 1862	May 15 1865	2 y 9 m 11 d			
90 90 John Haggan	Private		32nd Mo. Inf.	Aug 14 1862	May 15 1865	2 y 9 m 11 d			
91 91 John Haggan	Private		32nd Mo. Inf.	Aug 14 1862	May 15 1865	2 y 9 m 11 d			
92 92 John Haggan	Private		32nd Mo. Inf.	Aug 14 1862	May 15 1865	2 y 9 m 11 d			
93 93 John Haggan	Private		32nd Mo. Inf.	Aug 14 1862	May 15 1865	2 y 9 m 11 d			
94 94 John Haggan	Private		32nd Mo. Inf.	Aug 14 1862	May 15 1865	2 y 9 m 11 d			
95 95 John Haggan	Private		32nd Mo. Inf.	Aug 14 1862	May 15 1865	2 y 9 m 11 d			
96 96 John Haggan	Private		32nd Mo. Inf.	Aug 14 1862	May 15 1865	2 y 9 m 11 d			
97 97 John Haggan	Private		32nd Mo. Inf.	Aug 14 1862	May 15 1865	2 y 9 m 11 d			
98 98 John Haggan	Private		32nd Mo. Inf.	Aug 14 1862	May 15 1865	2 y 9 m 11 d			
99 99 John Haggan	Private		32nd Mo. Inf.	Aug 14 1862	May 15 1865	2 y 9 m 11 d			
100 100 John Haggan	Private		32nd Mo. Inf.	Aug 14 1862	May 15 1865	2 y 9 m 11 d			

Example: 1890 Veterans Schedule for Willow Township, Phelps County, Missouri

Name: Lydia, widow of William P. McBee

Rank: Private

Date of Enlistment: 14 Aug 1862

Company: K

Date of Discharge: 15 May 1865

Regiment: 32nd MO Infantry

Length of Service: 2 y, 9 m, 11 d

Post Office: Rolla, Missouri

Disability: Bronchitis

From Schedule No. 1		NAME OF SURVIVING SOLDIER, SAILOR, AND MARINE, AND WIDOW.		RANK.	COMPANY.	NAME OF REGIMENT OR VESSEL.	DATE OF ENLISTMENT.	DATE OF DISCHARGE.	LENGTH OF SERVICE.
HOUSE NO.	FAMILY NO.	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
61	61	Lydia, widow of	William P. McBee	Private	K	32nd Mo. Inf.	Aug 14 1862	May 15 1865	2 y 9 m 11 d

Other disabilities recorded here included conditions like "bayonet wound," "deafness," "rheumatism," and other injuries or diseases incurred during or because of their service.

Remarks were often comments such as "pensioner," "now crippled," heart disease now," "re-enlisted veteran," and any other notes on the nature of their enlistment or discharge.

Using the Veterans Schedule with Existing 1890 Census Fragments

If you are lucky enough to have an ancestor who was enumerated on one of the *very few surviving pages* from the 1890 Federal Census, you can compare the two records. **Keep in mind, only 6,160 of the 62,979,766 total records survived, and not all that did are without significant fire damage.**

Example: *Gilbert Broom*, River Bend Township, Gaston County, North Carolina

From Schedule No. 1.		NAMES OF SURVIVING SOLDIERS, SAILORS, AND MARINES, AND WIDOWS.	Rank.	Company.	Name of Regiment or Vessel.	Date of Enlistment.	Date of Discharge.	Length of Service.
House No.	Family No.							
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
41	46	<i>Gilbert Broom</i>	<i>Private</i>	<i>D</i>	<i>40th Tennessee Inf</i>	<i>1 May 1865</i>	<i>25 Apr. 1886</i>	<i>Yrs. Mos. Days.</i> <i>21 25 7</i>

[Above] *Gilbert Broom*; Private, Company D, 40th Tennessee Infantry (United States Colored Infantry); enlisted 1 May 1865, discharged 25 April 1886

FAMILY SCHEDULE—1 TO 10 PERSONS. 1069

Supervisor's District No. *5* [7-500 a.] Eleventh Census of the United States.

SCHEDULE No. 1.

POPULATION AND SOCIAL STATISTICS.

Name of city, town, township, precinct, county, and state: *River Bend Township, Gaston County, N. Carolina*

Street and No.: *—*; Ward: *—*; Name of Institution: *—*

Enumerated by me on the *5* day of June, 1890. *Henry J. Johnston*

A.—Number of Dwelling-houses in the order of valuation.	B.—Number of families in this dwelling-house.	C.—Number of persons in this dwelling-house.	D.—Number of Family in the order of valuation.	E.—No. of Persons in this family.
41	1	7	46	7

INQUIRIES.	1	2	3	4	5
1 Christian name in full, and surname.	<i>Gilbert Broom</i>	<i>Margaret V Broom</i>	<i>William P Broom</i>	<i>John E Broom</i>	<i>John E Broom</i>
2 Whether soldier, sailor, or marine during the civil war (U. S. or Conf.), or widow of such person.	<i>Sold (U. S.)</i>	<i>Wife</i>	<i>+</i>	<i>+</i>	<i>+</i>
3 Relationship to head of family.	<i>Head</i>	<i>Wife</i>	<i>Daughter</i>	<i>Son</i>	<i>Son</i>
4 Whether white, black, mulatto, quadroon, quadroon, Chinese, Japanese, or Indian.	<i>Black</i>	<i>Mulatto</i>	<i>Mulatto</i>	<i>Mulatto</i>	<i>Mulatto</i>
5 Sex.	<i>Male</i>	<i>Female</i>	<i>Female</i>	<i>Male</i>	<i>Female</i>
6 Age at nearest birthday, in under one year, give age in months.	<i>5-5</i>	<i>5-0</i>	<i>13</i>	<i>17</i>	<i>11</i>
7 Whether single, married, widowed, or divorced.	<i>Married</i>	<i>Married</i>	<i>Single</i>	<i>Single</i>	<i>Single</i>
8 Whether married during the census year (June 1, 1890, to May 31, 1891).	<i>No</i>	<i>No</i>	<i>+</i>	<i>+</i>	<i>+</i>
9 Mother of how many children, and number of these children living.	<i>+</i>	<i>10-10</i>	<i>+</i>	<i>+</i>	<i>+</i>
10 Place of birth.	<i>Ga</i>	<i>S. C.</i>	<i>N. C.</i>	<i>N. C.</i>	<i>N. C.</i>
11 Place of birth of Father.	<i>Ga</i>	<i>Spain</i>	<i>Ga</i>	<i>Ga</i>	<i>Ga</i>
12 Place of birth of Mother.	<i>Ga</i>	<i>S. C.</i>	<i>S. C.</i>	<i>S. C.</i>	<i>S. C.</i>
13 Number of years in the United States.	<i>+</i>	<i>+</i>	<i>+</i>	<i>+</i>	<i>+</i>
14 Whether naturalized.	<i>+</i>	<i>+</i>	<i>+</i>	<i>+</i>	<i>+</i>
15 Whether naturalization papers have been taken out.	<i>+</i>	<i>+</i>	<i>+</i>	<i>+</i>	<i>+</i>
16 Profession, trade, or occupation.	<i>Farmer</i>	<i>Housewife</i>	<i>Housewife</i>	<i>Farmer (S)</i>	<i>Farmer (S)</i>
17 Months unemployed during the census year (June 1, 1890, to May 31, 1891).	<i>0</i>	<i>+</i>	<i>+</i>	<i>+</i>	<i>+</i>
18 Attendance at school in months during the census year (June 1, 1890, to May 31, 1891).	<i>+</i>	<i>+</i>	<i>+</i>	<i>+</i>	<i>+</i>
19 Able to Read.	<i>No</i>	<i>No</i>	<i>No</i>	<i>Yes</i>	<i>Yes</i>
20 Able to Write.	<i>No</i>	<i>No</i>	<i>No</i>	<i>Yes</i>	<i>Yes</i>
21 Able to speak English. If not, give language or dialect spoken.	<i>English</i>	<i>English</i>	<i>English</i>	<i>English</i>	<i>English</i>
22 Whether speaking more than one language or dialect.	<i>+</i>	<i>+</i>	<i>+</i>	<i>+</i>	<i>+</i>
23 Whether defective in mind, deaf, dumb, or blind, or whether crippled, maimed, or deformed, with nature of defect.	<i>+</i>	<i>+</i>	<i>+</i>	<i>+</i>	<i>+</i>
24 Whether a prisoner, convict, lunatic, or pauper.	<i>+</i>	<i>+</i>	<i>+</i>	<i>+</i>	<i>+</i>
25 Supplemental schedule and notes.	<i>+</i>	<i>+</i>	<i>+</i>	<i>+</i>	<i>+</i>

TO ENUMERATORS.—See inquiries numbered 20 to 25, inclusive, on the second page of this schedule. These inquiries must be made concerning each family and each farm visited.

The 1890 Federal Census recorded each family on its own schedule, as seen here.

Gilbert Bloom, recorded on the 1890 Veterans Schedule [above], was enumerated on one of the 6,160 extant 1890 Census fragments [right].

The name, location, and house and family numbers were used to find this record and confirm that it is for the same man enumerated on the Veterans Schedule.

We see on the 1890 Federal Census that the second question asked was whether the individual was a "soldier, sailor, or marine during the civil war (U. S. or Conf.) or widow of such person." Their answer to this question would have determined whether the enumerator would have also recorded them on the Veterans Schedule.

1840 Revolutionary and Military Service Pensioners Schedule

When the 1840 Census was taken, living Revolutionary War veteran pensioners and others who received pensions for military service were recorded on the back of the census. The information recorded for these individuals was their name, age, and the person with whom they were living. *Widows of veterans who received pensions are also included.*

CENSUS					
OF					
PENSIONERS FOR REVOLUTIONARY AND MILITARY SERVICES,					
AS					
RETURNED UNDER THE ACT FOR TAKING THE SIXTH CENSUS,					
IN 1840.					
STATE OF MAINE.					
Names of pensioners for revolutionary or military services.	Ages.	Names of heads of families with whom pensioners resided June 1, 1840.	Names of pensioners for revolutionary or military services.	Ages.	Names of heads of families with whom pensioners resided June 1, 1840.
YORK COUNTY.			YORK COUNTY—Continued.		
WATSONBOROUGH.			SHAPLEIGHT.		
Noah Ricker - - -	78	Noah Ricker.	Keziah Warren - - -	81	John Phila.
Jonathan Knight - - -	77	Simeon C. Knight.	Jonathan Horn - - -	85	Simon Ross.
Moses Doshon - - -	76	Moses Doshon.	Jonathan Ross - - -	91	Gideon Ross.
Abigail Hutchens - - -	87	Abigail Hutchens.	SACO.		
Ritabeth Smith - - -	86	Aimer Thang.	Stephen Googins - - -	80	Alexander Googins.
Thomas Carpenter - - -	76	Thomas Carpenter.	John Grace - - -	79	Moses Grace.
Sarah McKenney - - -	74	Rufus McKenney.	Abraham Tyler - - -	77	Abraham Tyler.
John Hamilton - - -	75	John Hamilton.	PARSONSFIELD.		
Calah Lussell - - -	79	Moses Rhodes.	Noah Wedgwood - - -	81	Allen Henry.
Moses Rhodes - - -	74		Levi Chadbourn - - -	83	Levi Chadbourn.
SOUTH BOWDOCK.			James Brown - - -	83	Edmund Chase.
Mary Chamberlin - - -	80	Josiah W. Seaver.	Ivory Jay - - -	77	Jacob Eastman.
Lydia Jay - - -	98	Henry Beeble.	Josiah Davis - - -	80	Enoch Hale.
Henry Beeble - - -	89	John Brooks.	Westworth Lord - - -	84	Wentworth Lord.
Timothy Berdens - - -	75	John Welch.	William Campnell - - -	80	Nathan Moulton, jr.
Pelliah Stevens - - -	83	Barsham Allen.	George Newbegin - - -	76	George Newbegin.
Barsham Allen - - -	76	Charles Sargent.	Thomas Pendexter - - -	86	Thomas Pendexter.
Charles Sargent - - -	85	Renben Bennet.	John Stone - - -	88	John Stone.
Lydia Marr - - -	72	John Henri.	Thomas Towle - - -	98	Thomas Towle.
John Henri - - -	85	Samuel Peirce.	Nathan Wiggin - - -	89	Nathan Wiggin.
Pence Peirce - - -	69	Hannah Peirce.	Jonathan Wingate - - -	89	Lot Wedgwood.
Hannah Peirce - - -	81	Bessey Nasan.	NORTH BOWDOCK.		
Bessey Nasan - - -	81	Seammon Chadbourn.			
Seammon Chadbourn - - -	85	Benjamin Nealey.			
Benjamin Nealey - - -	82				

These records are available online in PDF format through the Census Bureau's website at:

<https://www2.census.gov/prod2/decennial/documents/1840c-01.pdf>

and as an e-book on Google Books titled "A Census of Pensioners for Revolutionary or Military Services."

Example: Saco, York County, Maine

Pensioner's Name: Stephen Googins

Age: 86

Name of Head of Family: Alexander Googins

Records for this schedule are available for the following states:

- Alabama
- Arkansas
- Connecticut
- District of Columbia
- Florida
- Georgia
- Illinois
- Indiana
- Iowa
- Kentucky
- Louisiana
- Maine
- Maryland
- Massachusetts
- Michigan
- Mississippi
- Missouri
- New Hampshire
- New Jersey
- New York
- North Carolina
- Ohio
- Pennsylvania
- Rhode Island
- South Carolina
- Tennessee
- Vermont
- Virginia
- Wisconsin

INDIAN POPULATION INQUIRIES

Special Inquiries Related to Indians, 1900 & 1910

On the 1900 and 1910 Federal Censuses, special forms were used to enumerate the "Indian Population" separately. The top half of these census forms were identical to the census forms used to record the information for the rest of the population. **The bottom half of the form asked questions specifically tailored to Native Americans.**

These questions included the *tribe of which the individual was a member, their father's tribe, mother's tribe, their blood quantum (Indian, White, Negro), number of times married, are they polygamous (if so, are the wives sisters), what school they graduated from, are they taxed, have they received allotment (if so, what year) and residence and type of dwelling.* On these forms, if the occupation column said "Ration Indian," this meant they were partially or wholly financially dependent on the U.S. government.

THIRTEENTH CENSUS OF THE UNITED STATES: 1910 SPECIAL INQUIRIES RELATING TO INDIANS

Tribe of this Indian	Tribe of Father of this Indian	Tribe of Mother of this Indian	Proportion of Indian and Other Blood			Number of Times Married	Whether now living in polygamy	If living in polygamy, whether the wives are sisters.	Graduated From What Educational Institution	Is this Indian taxed?	If Indian has received allotment, give year of allotment.	Residence and Dwelling	
			Indian	White	Negro							Residing on his own lands	Living in civilized or aboriginal dwelling
*33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	41	42	43	44	45	46

Example: *Phoebe Hatch, Tonawanda Reservation, Alabama Township, Genesee County, New York*

[illegible]

Phoebe Hatch, 35

Tribe: *Seneca*

Father's Tribe: *Seneca*

Mother's Tribe: *Seneca*

Blood Quantum: *Full Indian*

Marriages: 1

Polygamous: *No*

School: *Hampton Normal at Virginia*

Taxed: *No*

Residence: *On own land, in "civilized" dwelling*

SLAVE SCHEDULES

Slave Schedules, 1850 & 1860

While enslaved people are enumerated individually, unfortunately, most of these schedules do not provide the names of these individuals. Enumerators recorded the age, sex, and color of the enslaved person (whether *black* or *mulatto*), and whether they were a freedom seeker “fugitive” from the state at the time. This makes it difficult to determine whether a specific enslaved person was present in a household or on a plantation. Additional information provided by these records includes: *the names of the “slave owners,” number of enslaved manumitted (freed), and whether the enslaved person was deaf, dumb, blind, insane, or idiotic*

Records for this schedule are available for the following states:

- Alabama
- Arkansas
- Delaware
- Florida
- Georgia
- Kentucky
- Louisiana
- Maryland
- Mississippi
- Missouri
- New Jersey
- North Carolina
- South Carolina
- Tennessee
- Texas
- Virginia

SCHEDULE 2.—Slave Inhabitants of Atlanta in the County of DeKalb State of Georgia, enumerated by me, on the 19th day of June, 1850. Edwin Payne Ass't Marshal.

1	NAMES OF SLAVE OWNERS.		DESCRIPTION.				Deaf & dumb, blind, insane, or idiotic.
	2	3	4	5	6	7	
1	Edwin Payne	1	6	f	B		
2		1	14	m	M		
3		1	18	f	B		
4		1	22	f	B		
5		1	21	m	B		
6		1	15	m	B		
7		1	7	f	B		
8		1	6	m	M		
9		1	5	f	B		
10		1	9	m	B		
11		1	2	f	B		
12		1	1	f	B		
13		1	1	f	B		
14		1	1	f	B		
15		1	1	f	B		
16		1	1	f	B		
17		1	1	f	B		
18		1	1	f	B		
19		1	1	f	B		
20		1	1	f	B		
21		1	1	f	B		
22		1	1	f	B		
23		1	1	f	B		
24		1	1	f	B		
25		1	1	f	B		
26		1	1	f	B		
27		1	1	f	B		
28		1	1	f	B		
29		1	1	f	B		
30		1	1	f	B		
31		1	1	f	B		
32		1	1	f	B		
33		1	1	f	B		
34		1	1	f	B		
35		1	1	f	B		
36		1	1	f	B		
37		1	1	f	B		
38		1	1	f	B		
39		1	1	f	B		
40		1	1	f	B		
41		1	1	f	B		
42		1	1	f	B		

Example: 1850 Slave Schedule, Atlanta, DeKalb County, Georgia

Edwin Payne

Twelve slaves, 6 male, 6 female, ranging in age from 22 years to 6 months old. None are currently fugitives from the state or have an applicable disability. He has freed none of his slaves.

1	NAMES OF SLAVE OWNERS.	2	DESCRIPTION.			6	7	8
			3	4	5			
1		1	6	f	B			
2	Edwin Payne	1	14	m	M			
3		1	18	f	B			
4		1	22	f	B			
5		1	21	m	B			
6		1	15	m	B			
7		1	7	f	B			
8		1	6	m	M			
9		1	5	f	B			
10		1	4	m	B			
11		1	2	f	M			
12		1	1	f	B			
13		1	6	m	M			
14		1	9	f	M			

DEPENDENT, DEFECTIVE, AND DELINQUENT CLASSES

1880 Schedules of Dependent, Defective, and Delinquent Classes

This schedule enumerated several different groups bundled under the umbrella term “*Defective, Dependent, and Delinquent.*” Some of these classes of people were dependent on public assistance in the form of orphanages, poor farms and workhouses, etc. In those cases, the institution where they are living is often listed, as well.

These classes included:

- Insane
- Idiots
- Deaf-mutes
- Blind
- Paupers and Indigent Persons
- Homeless Children
- Prisoners

Each group had a separate form with unique questions. The information provided by these schedules includes the individual’s name, race, gender, age, and residence. For those recorded on the mental or physical illness forms, information related to their medical history is also provided. The homeless children form provides information about their parents and the prisoners form provides information about their imprisonment.

Records for this schedule are available for the following states:

- Alabama
- California
- Connecticut
- Georgia
- Illinois
- Iowa
- Kansas
- Maine
- Massachusetts
- Michigan
- Nebraska
- New Jersey
- New York
- Ohio
- Oregon
- Pennsylvania
- South Carolina
- Tennessee
- Texas
- Virginia
- Washington

Examples: 1880 Supplemental Schedules for the Defective, Dependent, and Delinquent Classes in New Haven County, Connecticut

Page A. Insane and Idiots

Supplemental Schedules, Nos. 1 to 7, for the Defective, Dependent, and Delinquent Classes.

INSANE inhabitants in *Waterbury* in the County of *New Haven*, State of *Connecticut*, enumerated by me *June, 1880*.

Supervisor's Dist. No. *1*
Enumeration Dist. No. *34*

The object of this Supplemental Schedule is to furnish material not only for a complete enumeration of the insane, but for an account of their condition. It is important that every inquiry respecting each case be answered as fully as possible. Enumerators will, therefore, after making the proper entries upon the Population Schedule (No. 1), transfer the name (with Schedule page and number) of every insane person found, from Schedule No. 1 to this Special Schedule, and proceed to ask the additional questions indicated in the headings of the several columns. Enumerators may obtain valuable hints as to the number of the insane, and their residence, from physicians who practice medicine in their respective districts.

Number taken from schedule No. 1.	NAME.	Residence when at home.—(See note A.) City or Town.	County (if in same State), or State (if in some other State).	Form of Disease.—(See note B.)	History of present attack.—(See note C.) Beginning of present attack, including previous attacks. Total number of attacks, including the present one. Age at which first attack occurred.	Restraint and Seclusion.—(See note D.) Does this person require to be usually or often restrained by any mechanical appliance, such as a strait jacket, or by any other appliance used? Does this person require to be usually or often restrained by any mechanical appliance, such as a strait jacket, or by any other appliance used?	Hospital or Asylum.—(See note E.) Has this person ever been an inmate of any hospital or asylum for the insane? If yes, name the said hospital or asylum.	Date of discharge (year only).	Is this person also an epileptic? (See note F.)
21	<i>Bronson Susan</i>	<i>Waterbury Conn</i>	<i>New Haven</i>	<i>Chronic Excitement</i>	<i>14 mo 3 21</i>	<i>No</i>	<i>No</i>	<i>15 mo 1868</i>	<i>No</i>
30	<i>Stevens Mary E</i>	<i>Waterbury Conn</i>	<i>New Haven</i>	<i>Mild</i>	<i>14 mo 3 21</i>	<i>No</i>	<i>No</i>	<i>15 mo 1868</i>	<i>No</i>
44	<i>Deuffy John</i>	<i>"</i>	<i>"</i>	<i>Mild</i>	<i>14 mo 3 21</i>	<i>No</i>	<i>No</i>	<i>15 mo 1868</i>	<i>No</i>
11	<i>Deuffy Michael</i>	<i>"</i>	<i>"</i>	<i>Mild</i>	<i>14 mo 3 21</i>	<i>No</i>	<i>No</i>	<i>15 mo 1868</i>	<i>No</i>
21	<i>Deuffy Michael</i>	<i>"</i>	<i>"</i>	<i>Mild</i>	<i>14 mo 3 21</i>	<i>No</i>	<i>No</i>	<i>15 mo 1868</i>	<i>No</i>

Example: Susan Bronson, [1880 Federal Census page 2, line 21]

Residence: Waterbury, New Haven, CT
At an Institution: Yes, pay patient
Disease: Extensive Excitement
History of Attack: present attack lasting 14 months, 3 attacks, 21 years old at onset

Kept in a Locked Cell: No
Requires Restraints: No
Patient Previously: Yes, at Northampton, 15 months; discharged 1868

Epileptic: No
Suicidal/Homicidal: No

IDIOTS.

The object of this Supplemental Schedule is to furnish material not only for a complete enumeration of the idiots, but for an account of their condition. It is important that every inquiry respecting each case be answered as fully as possible. Enumerators will, therefore, after making the proper entries upon the Population Schedule (No. 1), transfer the name (with Schedule page and number) of every idiot found, from Schedule No. 1 to this Special Schedule, and proceed to ask the additional questions indicated in the headings of the several columns. The word "idiot" has a special meaning which it is essential for every enumerator to know. An idiot is a person the development of whose mental faculties was arrested in infancy or childhood before coming to maturity. It is sometimes difficult to distinguish between the stupidity which results from idiocy and that which is due to the loss or deterioration of mental power in consequence of insanity. The latter is not true idiocy, but dementia or imbecility. The enumeration desired for the Census is of true idiots only. Demented persons should be classed with the insane. Enumerators may obtain valuable hints as to the number of idiots, and their residences, from physicians who practice medicine in their respective districts.

Number taken from schedule No. 1.	NAME.	Residence when at home.—(See Note A.) City or Town.	County (if in same State), or State (if in some other State).	Is this person self-supporting, or partly so? (See Note B.)	Supposed cause of idiocy (if acquired).—(See Note C.)	Size of head, (large, small, or natural).—(See Note D.)	Has this person ever been an inmate of a training school for idiots? If yes, name the said training school.	Date of discharge (year only).	Is this person also epileptic? (See Note E.)
1									
2									
3									
4									
5									
6									
7									
8									
9									
10									
11									
12									
13									
14									
15									
16									

This section, while blank for Waterbury, New Haven, Connecticut, provides information regarding the name, residence, whether the individual is self-supporting, the age of onset for idiocy, supposed cause of idiocy, size of head (large, small, or natural), whether the individual has "been an inmate of a training school for idiots," (if so, the duration of training and year of discharge). The form also asks whether the individual is also insane, blind, deaf, epileptic, or paralyzed.

B. 671

DEAF-MUTES.

The object of this Supplemental Schedule is to furnish material not only for a complete enumeration of deaf-mutes, but for an account of their condition. It is important that every inquiry respecting each case be answered as fully as possible. Enumerators will, therefore, after making the proper entries upon the Population Schedule (No. 1), transfer the name (with Schedule page and number) of every deaf-mute found, from Schedule No. 1 to this Special Schedule, and proceed to ask the additional questions indicated in the headings of the several columns. Care must be taken not to enumerate persons who are deaf only (hard of hearing) or dumb only (tongue-tied) as deaf-mutes. A deaf-mute is one who cannot speak, because he cannot hear sufficiently well to learn to speak. Enumerators may obtain valuable hints as to the number of deaf-mutes, and their residence, from physicians who practice medicine in their respective districts, also from school-teachers. Great assistance may be derived from questions addressed to deaf-mutes themselves: Do you know any deaf-mutes in this neighborhood? The class feeling of the deaf and dumb, arising from their isolated state, is so great that they seek each other out for the sake of companionship, and ordinarily know every deaf-mute for miles around.

Number taken from Schedule No. 1.		NAME	Residence when at home. (See Note A.)		Is he (or she) self-supporting, or partly so? (See Note B.)	Age at which deafness occurred. (See Note C.)	Supposed cause of deafness, if known.	See Note D.		Institution life.				See Note E.	
Number of page.	Number of line.		City or Town.	County (if in same State), or State (if in some other State).				Is this person semi-mute?	Is he (or she) semi-deaf?	Has this person ever been an inmate of an institution for deaf-mutes? If yes, give the name of such institution.	What has been the total length of time spent by him (or her) in any such institution?	Date of his (or her) discharge. (Year only.)	Is this person also insane?	Is he (or she) also blind?	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16
24	43	Awlston Phillip	New Haven	New Haven	No	B		No	Yes	No					

Example: Phillip Awlston, [1880 Federal Census page 24, line 43]

Residence: New Haven, New Haven, CT

Semi-Deaf (see Note D.): Yes

Also Blind: No

Self-Supporting: No

Institutionalized: No

Age at Onset: Birth

Also Insane: No

Semi-Mute (see Note D.): No

Also Idiotic: Yes

BLIND.

The object of this Supplemental Schedule is to furnish material not only for a complete enumeration of the blind, but for an account of their condition. It is important that every inquiry respecting each case be answered as fully as possible. Enumerators will, therefore, after making the proper entries upon the Population Schedule (No. 1), transfer the name (with Schedule page and number) of every blind person found, from Schedule No. 1 to this Special Schedule, and proceed to ask the additional questions indicated in the headings of the several columns. In this enumeration will be included not only the totally blind, but also the semi-blind. No person will be carried on this Schedule, however, who can see sufficiently well to read. For the distinction between the totally blind and the semi-blind see Note E, it is of the greatest importance to note this distinction with care, by making the proper entry in columns 10 or 11.

Number taken from Schedule No. 1.		NAME	Residence when at home. (See Note A.)		Is he (or she) self-supporting, or partly so? (See Note B.)	Age at which blindness occurred. (See Note C.)	Form of blindness. (See Note D.)	Supposed cause of blindness, if known.	See Note F.		Institution life.				See Note F.	
Number of page.	Number of line.		City or Town.	County (if in same State), or State (if in some other State).					Is this person totally blind? (See Note E.)	Is he (or she) semi-blind? (See Note E.)	Has this person ever been an inmate of an institution for the blind? If yes, give the name of such institution.	What has been the total length of time spent by him (or her) in any such institution?	Date of his (or her) discharge. (Year only.)	Is this person also insane?	Is he (or she) also deaf-mute?	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	
22	49	Ferris Theodore	New Haven	New Haven	No		do not know	Scarlet fever			No					

Example: Theodore Ferris, [1880 Federal Census page 22, line 49]

Residence: New Haven, New Haven, CT

Supposed Cause of Blindness: Scarlet Fever

Self-Supporting: No

Totally Blind/Semi-Blind: —

Age at Onset: —

Institutionalized: No

Form of Blindness: "do not know"

Also Insane/Idiotic/Deaf-Mute: No

822

HOMELESS CHILDREN.

July 10, 1880.

C.

The object of this Supplemental Schedule is to furnish material not only for a complete enumeration of children in institutions, but for an account of their condition. It is important that every inquiry respecting each case be answered as fully as possible. Enumerators will, therefore, after making the proper entries upon the Population Schedule (No. 1), transfer the name (with Schedule page and number) of every child found in any institution designed for the care of poor or homeless children, or in any poor-house or other asylum for the destitute, from Schedule No. 1 to this Special Schedule, and proceed to ask the additional questions indicated in the headings of the several columns. Special attention is called to the questions respecting the child's antecedents, which are designed to bring out the proportion of children in institutions who belong to the respectable and to the vicious classes severally.

Number taken from Schedule No. 1.		NAME.	Residence when at home. (See Note A.)		Is this child's father deceased?	Is this child's mother deceased?	Has this child been abandoned by his (or her) parents?	Has this child's parents surrendered control over him (or her) to the institution?	Was this child born in the institution?	Is this child illegitimate?	Is this child imprisoned from his or her (living) mother?	Antecedents.				(See Note B.)	
Number of page.	Number of line.		City or town.	County (if in same State, or State (if in some other State, No.)).								Has he (or she) ever been arrested? If yes, for what alleged offense?	Has he (or she) ever been convicted or sentenced?	Has the origin of this child been respectable?	Has he (or she) been rescued from criminal surroundings?	Is this child blind?	Is he (or she) a deaf-mute?
4432	1	William James	Waterbury	New Haven	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No
4435	1	Williams Richard	"	"	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No
4438	1	Williams Richard	"	"	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No
4439	1	Clarton Lizzie	"	"	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No

Example: Richard Williams, [1880 Federal Census page 44, line 35]

Residence: Waterbury, New Haven, CT

Father Deceased: No

Mother Deceased: No

Is the Child Abandoned by Parents: No

Have Parents Surrendered Control: —

Born in the Institution: Yes

Is Child Illegitimate: Yes

Is Child Separated from Living Mother: No

Has Parent Been Arrested/Convicted: Yes, Fornication
Of Respectable Origin: —

Rescued from Criminal Surroundings: —

Also Blind/Deaf-Mute/Idiot: No

INHABITANTS IN PRISON.

The object of this Supplemental Schedule is to furnish material not only for a complete enumeration of prisoners, but for an account of their condition. It is important that every inquiry respecting each case be answered as fully as possible. Enumerators will, therefore, after making the proper entries upon the Population Schedule (No. 1), transfer the name (with schedule page and number) to this Special Schedule, and proceed to ask the additional questions indicated in the headings of the several columns. In addition to the enumeration of prisoners required in this Special Schedule, enumerators will also, in all cases (even though there should not be any prisoners in confinement upon the first of June), ask the warden or keeper of every prison, station-house, or lock-up in their respective districts the questions found below, at the bottom of the page, respecting the number of prisoners in confinement during the year ending May 31, 1880, and record the answers.

Number taken from Schedule No. 1.		NAME.	Residence when at home. (See Note A.)		Place of imprisonment. (State penitentiary or prison, county penitentiary or jail, work-house, house of correction, city prison, station-house, lock-up, or jailhouse.)	Why in prison. (See Note B.)	Alleged offense.	Sentence.		Is this prisoner at hard labor? If yes, what? (Shoe shop, cigar shop, cooper shop, stone cutting, prison duties, mining, labor on farm or plantation, etc.)	If at hard labor, is he or she working inside or outside the prison walls?	Is labor contracted out?
Number of page.	Number of line.		City or town.	County (if in same State, or State (if in some other State)).				Amount of fine imposed.	Number of days in jail or work-house.			
4447	1	Reardon Patrick	Waterbury	New Haven	Poorhouse	City	Intemperance			Farm	outside	
4448	1	Reardon Patrick	"	"	"	"	Intemperance			Farm	outside	
4449	1	Russell Patrick	"	"	"	"	Intemperance			"	"	
4450	1	McDonald John	"	"	"	"	Intemperance			"	"	
4451	1	White Robert	"	"	"	"	Intemperance			"	"	
4452	1	Gummerfeld Ellen	"	"	"	"	Intemperance			"	"	
4453	1	Gersbach Ann	"	"	"	"	Intemperance			"	"	
4454	1	Galey Mary	"	"	"	"	Intemperance			Prison duties, inside		

Example: Patrick Reardon, [Federal Census page 44, line 47]

Residence: Waterbury, New Haven, CT

Place of Imprisonment: Poorhouse

Prisoner of U.S., State, or City: City

Awaiting Trial: No

Serving Term of Imprisonment: Yes

Serving Out a Fine: Yes

Awaiting Execution: No

Sentenced to Higher Prison, Awaiting Removal: No

Held as a Witness: No

Imprisoned for Debt: No

Imprisoned for Insanity: No

Date of Incarceration: —

Alleged Offense: Intemperance

Fine Imposed: —

Number of Days in Jail or Work-House: —

Number of Years in Penitentiary: —

Hard Labor: Yes, farm labor, outside

Is the Labor Contracted Out: No

Page D. Pauper and Indigent Inhabitants in Institutions, Poor-Houses, or Asylums, or Boarded at Public Expense in Private Houses

D. PAUPER AND INDIGENT INHABITANTS IN INSTITUTIONS, POOR-HOUSES OR ASYLUMS, OR BOARDED AT PUBLIC EXPENSE IN PRIVATE HOUSES.

The object of this Supplemental Schedule is to furnish material not only for a complete enumeration of paupers, but for an account of their condition. It is important that every inquiry respecting each case be answered as fully as possible. Enumerators will, therefore, *after making the proper entries upon the Population Schedule (No. 1)*, transfer the name (with schedule page and number) to this Special Schedule and proceed to ask the *additional questions* indicated in the headings of the several columns.

In case any person enumerated on this Special Schedule is blind, deaf and dumb, insane, or idiotic (see columns 25 to 28 inclusive), the particulars of such case will also be carried on such other Special Schedule, as the case may be.

In addition to the enumeration of paupers required in this Schedule, enumerators will also ask the keeper of every institution designed for the maintenance of the destitute the questions found below, at the bottom of the page, respecting the number of paupers during the year ending May 31, 1880, and record the answers.

Number taken from Schedule No. 1.		NAME.	Residence when at home. (See Note A.)		How supported? (See Note B.)	Is this person able-bodied?	Is he (or she) habitually intemperate?	Is he (or she) epileptic?	Has he (or she) ever been convicted of a crime?	If disabled, state form of disability (crippled, consumption, droopy, old age, lying-in, etc.).	Was this person born in this institution? (See Note B.)	Date of admission. (Give day of month and year. If taken from the Population Schedule, give the number of the page.)	What other members of the family of this person are in this establishment? (See Note B.)					(See Note B.)			
Number of page.	Number of line.		City or town.	County (if in same State), or State (if in some other State).									At out of city or town?	At out of county?	At out of State?	At out of institution?	Wife?	Mother?	Father?	Sons—how many?	Daughters—how many?
44	7	Curtiss David	Waterbury	New Haven	/	No	No	No		crippled											
44	8	Curtiss George	Waterbury	"	/	No	No	No		crippled											
44	9	Quinn William	"	"	/	No	No	No													
44	10	Ruffy John	"	"	/	Yes	No	No													
44	11	Samuel Michael	"	"	/	Yes	No	Yes													
44	12	Wells Patrick	"	"	/	No	No	No		consumption											
44	13	Pender John	"	"	/	No	No	No		consumption											
44	14	McNemar Samuel	"	"	/	No	Yes	No		crippled											
44	15	Hoar Morris	"	"	/	Yes	Yes	Yes				1874									
44	16	Hannah	"	"	/	Yes	Yes	Yes				1874									
44	17	Henry	"	"	/	Yes	Yes	Yes				1875									
44	18	Graham	"	"	/	Yes	Yes	Yes				1875									
44	19	Michael	"	"	/	Yes	Yes	No				1875									

Example: David and George Curtiss at the Waterbury Almshouse [1880 Federal Census page 46, lines 7 & 8]

Residence: Waterbury, New Haven, CT

Supported by: City or town

Able-bodied: No

Habitually Intemperate: No

Epileptic: No

Convicted of a Crime: No

Disability: "crippled," both

Date of Admission: "over 20 years," both

Other Family Members in This Establishment: 1 brother

Also Blind/Deaf and Dumb: No

Also Insane: No

Also Idiotic: No

SOCIAL STATISTICS AND SUPPLEMENTAL SCHEDULES

Social Statistics and Supplemental Schedules, 1850-1880

These schedules focused primarily on assessing the value of property, public debt, taxation, and wages on a city or county level. The information provided by these records is more statistical than contextual in nature; however, there is still plenty for historical and genealogical researchers to gain from these schedules.

The benefits of these schedules for genealogists:

- They list the names, addresses, and general description of all **cemeteries** within city, including maps with the cemeteries marked, defunct cemeteries and their reason for closing, and procedures for interment.
- They list all known **trade groups, societies, lodges, clubs, and other organizations**, including their addresses, names of executive officers, membership statistics, financial worth, etc.
- They list the names of all **churches**, the denomination, congregation or membership size, and a brief description of its history.
- They list current **newspapers and periodicals** by title, as well as the character of the paper (i.e. commercial, political, Republican, Democrat, etc.), its frequency, and average circulation.

Records for this schedule are available for the following states:

- Alabama
- California
- Georgia
- Illinois
- Iowa
- Kansas
- Maine
- Massachusetts
- Michigan
- Minnesota
- Nebraska
- New York
- Pennsylvania
- South Carolina
- Tennessee
- Texas
- Virginia
- Washington

Example: 1870 Social Statistics Schedule;
Douglas County, Nebraska

(89)—NEWSPAPERS AND PERIODICALS.				(90)—RELIGION.			
Name.	Character.	How often Published.	Average Circulation.	No. of Church Members.	Denominations.	Total No. which churches of each denomination will accommodate.	Value of Church Property.
Republican Rep-	daily	15202	2	Methodist	9000	85000	
Nebraska	weekly	2500	1	Baptist	5500	18000	
	daily	2500	1	Episcopal	4000	20000	
	weekly	2000	1	Catholic	3000	12000	
Central Union Agency	weekly	600	1	Episcopal	9000	13000	
S. W. Jones of Iowa	bi-monthly	100	1	Presbyterian	300	2500	
Republican Political	bi-monthly	500	1	Unitarian	500	8000	
				Lybian			
				Colored			
				Methodist	200	1000	
				Unitarian	200	3000	
				Episcopal			
				Unitarian	500	18000	
				Baptist	350	9000	

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Information regarding our digital collections, access to online databases, submitting inquiries, and more, can be found on Cass County Public Library's Genealogy Resources page, located here: www.casscolibrary.org/genealogy

Send Research Inquiries to:
askgenealogy@casscolibrary.org

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